

Creeks in that quarter. On his march he killed three warriors and took six prisoners, supposed to be spies. On the 18th, the General reached Grayson's, one of the Hillabee Towns, one hundred miles from this place, where he found a party of hostile Creeks. They were attacked and defeated. He killed at that place sixty warriors, and took two hundred and fifty prisoners, a part of whom are warriors, the residue women and children, without any loss on our part, either killed or wounded. My Aid, Major Outlaw, who was with the General, arrived yesterday morning, with a report from him. The General speaks in the highest terms of the officers and men under his command, and adds, that the Cherokees behaved in the best manner. I expect the arrival of the detachment to-morrow.

I have the honor to be, &c.
JOHN COCKE.
Colonel Meigs.

Washington City, Dec. 22. CAPT. SMITH'S CRUIZE.

The following are the material circumstances which occurred during the vigil and active cruise of the U. States ship Congress, Capt. Smith, which commenced on the 30th April, and terminated on the 14th instant.

His course was in a circuitous direction to the S. E. crossing the equator, passing the N. E. coast of Brazil, and thence homeward; in which a vast number of neutral vessels were brought to and examined, four valuable vessels of the enemy captured, but none of his cruisers seen from the 3d of May to the end of the cruise.

Extract of a letter from Captain JOHN SMITH, to the SECRETARY of the NAVY, dated on board U. S. Frigate Congress, Portsmouth Harbor, December 14th, 1813.

"I have the honor to communicate to you the arrival, at this anchorage, of the U. S. Frigate Congress, under my command, whose daily situation during the cruise, I take the liberty of laying before you in the abstract from the ship's log, which accompanies this; in which there is accounted for, all vessels which were seen by us, from the period of our separation from the President, until our arrival at this place, with the exception of one brig, which twice escaped under the favor of dark nights, and whose great distance only enabled me to conjecture her to be an American privateer.

"The expiration of the term of service of the greater part of the crew of the Congress, I am concerned to advise you; they have, nevertheless, for some months, been serving under those circumstances with the same zeal and activity I have always found them eminent for. Your sanction for their discharge, and order to replace their number, I shall be thankful for."

Extract from the Log-Book of the United States Frigate Congress, John Smith, Esq. Commander.

May 3. Lat. 40, 18 long. 44, 19, in chase of the British brig Cutler; saw at the same time to leeward a line of battle-ship and a frigate.—Lost sight of the chase during the night.

May 6. Lat. 37, 49 long. 57, 54, boarded the American ship Amiable Matilda, from New-York for Lisbon, in chase of which separated from the U. S. Frigate President.

May 20. Lat. 28, 9 long. 41, 49, captured the British brig Jean, of 10 guns and 17 men, R. M. Ri, master, belonging to Messrs. Cochran's of Paisley, North Britain, from Buenos Ayres, bound to Greenock, 57 days out, cargo 6,758 hides, 100 packages of tallow, and 140 pigs of copper, weight about 14 tons—after taking out the copper destroyed her.

May 22. Lat. 23, 53 long. 39, 59, captured the British brig Diana of 10 guns and 14 men, George Thompson, master and owner, from Buenos Ayres, bound to London, 39 days out, cargo 6,030 hides, 235 bales of tallow and 7 bales of horse hair, three over board all the cargo, except sufficient to make her safe to proceed to the West Indies and rendered her otherwise unfit for service.

Nov. 24. Lat. 20, 45 long. 38, 32, put all the prisoners on board the Diana on parole, and furnished her for a passage to Barbadoes.

Oct. 25. Lat. 19, 19 long. 40, 4, captured the British ship Rose, Philip Vibert, master, from Guernsey, bound to Guadaloupe, laden with Medice wine and potatoes, took out 5700 gallons of wine, which we put in our water casks, and 25 hogheads which we stowed in the hold, and 10 tons of potatoes, being all we could stow on board, and then destroyed her—burthen 182 tons.

Nov. 9. Lat. 25, 46 long. 45, 46, boarded the Spanish brig Amiable Matilda, from Havana, bound to Teneriffe; put on board of her, on her parole, the master, mate, and supercargo of the late British ship Rose.

FROM LAKE CHAMPLAIN.

Copy of a letter from Commodore Macdonough, commanding our naval force on Lake Champlain, to the Secretary of the Navy, dated

United States sloop President, near Champlain, Dec. 5, 1813.

SIR—I have the honor to inform you the enemy made his appearance on this Lake yesterday with six heavy galleys,

manned apparently with upwards of 400 men, following close after our look-out boat which was bringing the intelligence. He set fire to a small shed which had been in public use, the smoke of which gave the first intimation of his approach. It being calm, we instantly weighed and swept in pursuit of him; our galleys, four in number, under Lt. Cassin, were directed if possible to bring him to action, and thereby enable the sloops to get up. The chase continued three hours: I was much surprised to see him reverse battle; his superior number of sweeps prevented it. It is presumed the enemy expected we had gone into winter quarters, and that Plattsburg was the object of his visit.

I have the honor to be, most respectfully, sir, your most ob't servant.

T. MACDONOUGH.
Hon. Wm. Jones,
Secretary of the Navy, Washington.

New Orleans, Nov. 18.

SUICIDE.—On Saturday last CADET JEANO, a shop keeper, a Frenchman by birth, about 55 years of age, short and remarkable stout and corpulent, an inhabitant of Madame Castillon's square committed suicide. His doors were fast on Sunday morning at an unusual hour, as he was known to be an early riser it created suspicion among the neighbors, who after knocking several times, agreed to break open the door. On entering his bed chamber, his body was found in bed, in the position in which he had destroyed himself. It appears that he had prepared a dagger for the purpose, remarkably sharp, with which he had stabbed himself three times in the left side, and breast, apparently with a horrible firmness, without moving his body from the position in which he had wished it to be found. The corpse was found on its back, stretched at full length, and the dagger clenched in the right hand. The deceased was a man in easy circumstances, owed but very little, had \$5,500 in cash in his house, \$3,000 in bank, and goods in his store supposed to the value of \$10,000. The steady firmness with which he executed the desperate and unnatural deed is scarcely equalled in the history of suicides.—I recollect a story related as a fact by Mr. Moore, in his travels in Europe, of a blacksmith in Geneva, who determined to destroy himself, and not having any implement to suit his purpose at hand, he deliberately took an old musket barrel, put a sufficient quantity of powder in it and two balls, and introduced the breach into the coils of his smith's hearth and fastening a string to the handle of his bellows, in such a manner as to enable him to blow, placed the muzzle to his temple and continued blowing until the explosion took off the top of his head.

VILLAINY.

New-London, Dec. 15.
It will astonish every American who has one spark left to kindle into a flame the love of our country, when we state as a fact, for which we vouch—that on Sunday evening last, when the report was current that our squadron would put to sea before the next morning—in the course of the night Blue Lights were raised on the heights both at Groton and on this side of the entrance of our harbor; evidently designed as signals to the British fleet. This has excited the highest indignation, and the most decisive measures are taken to detect and bring to condign punishment the traitorous wretches, who dare thus to give the enemy every advantage over those great and gallant men, who in the war with Tripoli, and in the present contest, have surrounded the American Stars, with a lustre which cannot be eclipsed.—[Fed. pa.]

Eggestown, Dec. 18.
We understand that a bank of PLASTER has been discovered in the Little Cove, Franklin County, Pennsylvania, containing 14 acres, which has been found equal in strength to that heretofore used by our farmers. This plaster has been offered for fifteen dollars per ton.

Nashville, (Tenn.) Nov. 16.
Important Discovery.—In the county of White, Gen. Bird Smith has found salt water, in quantities, it is believed sufficient to supply the consumption of the State of Tennessee. For some time, stock has been noticed to be licking about a rocky bluff; a sort of reservoir was made, and some of the water that drips from the place was collected, and found to be so strongly impregnated with salt as to dissolve salt put into it. A few kettles were procured and some salt made—but General Smith, to whom the land belonged, directed the rock to be bored, and in a little while the borers struck the

vein of salt water, which now gushes out some height from the mouth of a three inch hole. The place is conveniently situated on a navigable branch of the Cumberland river, and in a thickly timbered country, which will support a respectable population. In a short time, we have no doubt, the salt making business will be carried on extensively at the place.

CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 20.

On motion of Mr. Burwell, Resolved, That the Committee on Naval Affairs be instructed to enquire into the expediency of authorizing the President to provide an additional number of armed vessels for the public service, to carry not less than 15 guns, and not more than 22 guns; with leave to report by bill or otherwise.

On motion of Mr. Seibert, Resolved, That a committee be appointed to enquire into the present condition and distribution of the flags, standards, and colors which have been taken by the forces of the United States from their enemies; and whether it would be expedient to make any provision in relation to them, with leave to report by bill or otherwise.

Mr. Rogers submitted the following resolution, which was read and ordered to lie on the table.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to enquire into the expediency of making adequate and permanent provision, for the support of all officers, soldiers and mariners who shall be disabled by wounds in the military service of the U. S. and also for the support of the widows and education of the children of all officers, soldiers and mariners who have fallen or shall fall in the military or naval service of the U. S. with leave to report by bill or otherwise.

Mr. Hickens, after making a few prefatory remarks, submitted the following joint resolution, which was read, referred to a committee of the whole House on the state of the Union, and ordered to be printed.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, two thirds of both houses concurring therein, That the following amendment to the constitution of the United States be proposed and if ratified by three fourths of the said states, shall be valid to all intents and purposes as a part of the said constitution:

The electors of President and Vice President of the United States shall be chosen by districts; and for that purpose each state shall be divided by its legislature into a number of districts equal to which the state may be entitled. Each district shall contain as nearly as may be, equal numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, not including Indians not taxed, three fifths of all other persons. In each district the persons qualified to vote for representatives in the Congress of the United States shall choose one elector. The legislatures of the several states shall have the sole and exclusive power to regulate the manner of holding elections and making returns of the electors chosen by the people. In case all the electors should not meet at the time and place appointed for giving their votes, a majority of the electors may, at any other time and forthwith shall proceed, to supply the vacancy.—The districts for choosing electors of President and Vice President of the United States, shall not be altered in any state until an enumeration and apportionment of representatives shall be made subsequent to a division of the state into districts. The division of the state into districts shall take place as soon as conveniently may be, after this amendment shall become a part of the constitution of the United States, and successively afterwards whenever a new enumeration and apportionment of representatives shall be made.

TUESDAY, DEC 21.
Mr. Sherwood presented the petition of Elizabeth Warner, of N. York, praying relief in consideration of the death of her husband, who died after being taken prisoner by the enemy at the battle of Queenstown. Referred.

On motion of Mr. Wright, Resolved, That the Committee on Military Affairs be instructed to enquire into the expediency of authorizing the President to change any portion of the 5000 Infantry authorized at the last session, to artillery or riflemen.

Mr. Kerr submitted the following resolution:—Resolved, That the committee on Military Affairs be instructed to inquire into the expediency of amending the laws of the United States so that the militia called out under their authority may not be compelled to serve more than three months for a term of duty.

In offering this resolution, Mr. Kerr said his reason was, a belief that the present term of militia service, six months, often rendered the remainder of the year useless to the citizen when he returned from military duty; and when called to the defence of the sea board, so long a tour was frequently productive of disease and other evils, which he believed a shorter period of service would obviate.

Mr. Lovett submitted several resolutions, requesting the President to cause to be laid before the House, all the evidence in his possession relative to the commencement, progress, and present state of the system of retaliation upon prisoners of war to which the government of the United States and Great Britain have been restrained. Also the names of those prisoners of war who have been sent, as criminals to England for trial, &c. The resolutions were read, and ordered to lie on the table and be printed.

Mr. Lovett also presented petitions for altering and establishing post routes, which in the course of the day, presented and referred.

BATTLE OF BEAVER DAMS.

Col. Borstler requests the public to suspend their opinion as to his conduct on the above occasion. As he intends to demand a legal investigation as soon as he shall be exchanged, and shall be enabled to have the evidence of the officers under his command on the day of the battle; it would be both indelicate and improper to say any thing farther on the subject at present. Col. B. begs that all such Editors of Newspapers in the United States, as have published a thing relative to the battle of Beaver Dams, will give the above an insertion.

Washington City, Dec. 22.

THE REPOSITORY.

CHARLES-TOWN, DECEMBER 30.

THE EMBARGO.

With pleasure we may present our readers the result of the private proceedings of our public agents, in a skillfully drafted Embargo Law, a law calculated to bring national honor and national interest, in a law aiming more evils at our cruel and profligate enemies, than even the diploma of a Hull or a Decatur's cannon, a law which will end her counterfeits profit under counterfeits; a law which will increase the patriotism, which will inure our infant into giant manufactures; a law which will shorten this war by years, and preserve thousands of lives, and save millions of money; a law which will rescue the dominions of habitual perfidy from the degradation of the private proceedings of our public agents, in a skillfully drafted Embargo Law, a law calculated to bring national honor and national interest, in a law aiming more evils at our cruel and profligate enemies, than even the diploma of a Hull or a Decatur's cannon, a law which will end her counterfeits profit under counterfeits; a law which will increase the patriotism, which will inure our infant into giant manufactures; 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PORK WANTED.

20,000 lbs. heavy fat Pork wanted, for which I will pay the cash. JAMES S. LANE. Shepherd's-Town, Dec. 16.

FOR SALE, TWO FARMS,

well watered and wooded, containing upwards of fourteen hundred acres, either farm is susceptible of division into smaller farms, siting wood and water to each. The above land is situated near the turnpike, leading from Snickers' ferry, on the Shenandoah, to Alexandria. Enquire of the Printer. December 16, 1813.

FOR RENT,

From the first of Jan. 1814. A House and Smith Shop at the dry bridge, near Shannon Hill, Jefferson County. For terms, apply to the subscriber living on the premises. B. K. BEELER. December 16.

Prime Upper Leather.

THE Subscriber has for sale a quantity of PRIME UPPER LEATHER, of every description. The highest price in cash or leather will be given for Hides and Skins. JACOB E. PARSON. Charles-Town, Dec. 16.

Berryville Academy.

THE Trustees of Berryville Academy give notice that they have succeeded in their attempts to obtain a suitable person to preside over the Institution under their care. The Reverend Charles Henry Kenyon, late Vice-President of Hampden Sydney College, Prince Edward County, Va. is to take charge of the Academy for the future, and will enter upon the duties of his office on Monday 22d instant.

The English, Latin and Greek languages, and the usual academical course of science will be taught by, and under the direction and superintendance of Mr. Kenyon. The Latin and Greek languages and the higher branches of science will be taught by Mr. Kenyon himself. English, Arithmetic, the Mathematics, &c. by a teacher of Mr. Kenyon's selecting. The respectability of this Gentleman's character, the sacred office he sustains, his well known reputation as a teacher, and the high and important trust heretofore reposed in him, where he was best known, by the very respectable board of Trustees of Hampden Sydney College, are securities amply sufficient of his being well qualified for his present office. And the Trustees pledge themselves to the public to use every exertion in their power to assist in superintending the conduct and morals of the students, and in suppressing vice and impiety in the village in which the Academy is situated.

The price of tuition will continue till next new-year's day, as heretofore—when it is probable some alterations may take place, of which timely notice shall be given.

By order of the TRUSTEES. November 20. 2m.

Jefferson County, ss.

June Court, 1813.

Michael Bruner, Plaintiff,

vs.

John Stipp, & Walter B. Selby, Dfts.

IN CHANCERY.

The Defendant John Stipp not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that he is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth; on the motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered that the said defendant John Stipp do appear here on the fourth Monday in January next, and answer the bill of the complainant, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Farmer's Repository for two months successively, and posted at the door of the court house of Jefferson county.

A Copy.—Teste GEORGE HITE, C. C.

Negroes for Hire.

WILL be hired at the White House, on New Year's day, a number of Negroes, consisting of Men, Women, Boys and Girls. ALEXANDER HEILEY. December 23.

BLANK BONDS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold to the highest bidder on Wednesday the 19th of January, if fair, if not the next day, and continue until sold, the personal estate of John Clark esq'd. in Frederick County, Va. consisting of a number of valuable Horses, Cows, Horses, Waggon, a quantity of Hay, farming Utensils, and a variety of articles too tedious to mention. A credit of nine months, will be given to all purchasers above five dollars, the purchaser giving bond with approved security.—The sale to commence at 10 o'clock, at the late dwelling of the said dec'd, and attendance given.

JOHN DAVENPORT, JUN. JAMES CURL, Executors for the Estate of J. Clark, dec'd December 20, 1813.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that the several acts of Congress, passed at their last session, laying certain Internal Duties, will take effect from and after the 31st day of December, 1813, the provisions of which must be complied with, on pain of incurring the penalties attached to a violation thereof. These provisions require retailers of wines, spirituous liquors or foreign merchandise to make application in writing for and to obtain a licence; owners or superintendants of stills or boilers intended to be worked, to make application in writing for and to obtain a licence; auctioneers to enter into bonds and under seals in circumstances to take out a licence; refiners of sugar to enter into bonds; owners or keepers of carriages to enter the same and obtain a certificate of the payment of the duty; and discounted notes and bonds together with bills of exchange, to be stamped. Persons interested herein may examine the said laws at my office, where the mode of making application and duties payable, and other circumstances proper for them to be acquainted with may be learned.

WILLIAM DAVISON, Collector of the revenue for the ninth collection district of Virginia. COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, Winchester, Virginia, December 4, 1813.

Jefferson County, ss.

October Court, 1813.

Michael Burket, Complainant,

vs.

John Stipp, jun. John Stipp, sen'r. and Walter B. Selby, Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

The defendants John Stipp, jun. and John Stipp, sen. not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that they are not inhabitants of this commonwealth, on the motion of the complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered that the said defendants John Stipp, jun. and John Stipp, sen. do appear here on the fourth Monday in January next, and answer the bill of the complainant; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Farmer's Repository for two months successively, and posted at the door of the court house of Jefferson county.

A Copy.—Teste GEO. HITE, C. C.

EDUCATION.

THE Trustees of Shepherdstown Academy inform the public, that the winter session has commenced, and that, in consequence of a late arrangement, an additional number of students will be received. The pupils are divided into three classes: the first, consisting of all those engaged in the study of the Greek and Latin languages, Surveying, Euclid's Elements, Rhetoric, Natural and moral Science; the second composed of those studying English Grammar, Geography, the use of the Globes, History, Composition and Elocution; to the third, belong those who are engaged in the acquisition of the minor branches of an English Education.

Price of Tuition. 1st. Class, \$ 25 per annum. 2d ditto, 20 3d ditto, 15

By order of the Board. THOMAS VAN SWEARINGEN, Sec'y. N. B. Boarding can be had on moderate terms December 2, 1813.

FOR HIRE.

The subscriber will offer for hire on the first January next at Robert Patten's Hotel, a negro woman and a boy, the woman is an excellent cook, in fact there cannot be a more valuable slave; the boy is twelve years old, active and industrious, bond with security will be required. ROBERT C. LEE. December 16.

TAKE NOTICE.

THE subscriber having been a considerable sufferer by evil disposed persons throwing down his fences, and letting cattle into the enclosure of his farm lying part in Jefferson and part in Berkeley counties, and by fishing and hunting and carrying off wood through his land, and committing various other depredations thereon—this is therefore to notify all such that hereafter he is determined to prosecute every person who may be known to commit any trespass upon his property. BENJAMIN FORMAN. Dec 2.

NEW FANCY STORE.

THE undersigned fall upon this expedient to inform the public that they have now opened, and ready for sale, at their Store, (corner to the Globe Tavern) in Shepherd's-Town, A large and elegant Assortment of MERCHANDISE, CONSISTING IN PART OF

- Superfine & common cloths, elegant Silk Buttons, Casimires, the best and new, Prince's Goods, Silk & Straw Bonnets, Stockings & Manchettes, Gaiters and English and India Nam, Cashmeres, Ladies' Long & Short Kid and Silk Gloves, Men's Silk and Leather, together with a variety of other articles, Gaiters' Silk and Cotton Stockings, Misses ditto, Men's & do. do. elegant Silk & Cotton Shawls, Handkerchiefs fully assorted, A complete assortment of Ribbons, Home-made and imported, Cotton Dills, White & Coloured, Sewing Silks & Twists, Ladies' Kid and Morocco Slippers, Misses and Children's ditto, Men's and Boy's Coarse and Fine Leather do. Cotton Cards and Spinning Cotton, Books and Stationery, Hard Ware, China, Queens' and Glass Ware, Groceries and Liquors, Best large twist Gering Tobacco, Common ditto, Snuff and Spanish Cigars, &c. &c. &c.

The foregoing comprises but a very limited proportion of the present stock on hand; the whole of which has been purchased with the greatest care and attention, as well as on the best possible terms, and will be sold at reduced prices.

JAMES BROWN, & Co.

WAS found this morning on the road between Charles-Town & Lee-Town, a red morocco pocket book, containing a sum of money. The owner may have it again by describing it and paying for its advertisement. Apply to the subscriber at Cavalier Martin's, near Charles-Town. BENJAMIN JONES. December 16.

To Millers & Millwrights.

The subscriber has just received a complete assortment of BOLTING CLOTHS, warranted first quality, at his store by the Market House, in Shepherd's-Town. JAMES S. LANE. P. S. Cash given for HIDES, SKINS, and clean FLAX SEED. November 18.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers have received and are just now opening,

A LARGE QUANTITY OF FANCY GOODS; which have been lately purchased for cash in Philadelphia, and selected from the latest arrivals:—

CONSISTING IN PART, OF ELEGANT damask silk SHAWLS, Levantine Silks, Fancy Ribbons, Black and Changeable Lutestrings, White Satin and Mantuas, Fine Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, Fashionable Split Straw BONNETS, Knotted Counterpanes very large and handsome, Cheap Irish LINENS, Fancy Muslins of all kinds, Cheap Cambricks, Calicoes, Chintzes, 10 Bales of India Muslin, a large assortment of Men's and Boy's Shoes, Ladies Morocco and Kid slippers, Looking Glasses, &c. &c. all of which are now offered for sale on the most reasonable terms for Cash.

SEASONED PLANK. THEY have also on hand a quantity of GOOD & WELL SEASONED PINE PLANK. —ALSO—

Hog Skins, Bar-Iron and CASTINGS, Smith's Vices, Nails, Philadelphia finished Calf Skins, Boot Legs and Fair Tops, Plated Stirrup Irons and Bridle Bits. Home-made Linen, Twill'd Bags, FLAX, &c. &c. JOINER'S PLANES. A quantity of Joiner's Planes, Rules Squares and Plane Bits. The highest price in CASH is given for good clean FLAX SEED. SELBY & SWEARINGEN. Shepherd's Town, Sept. 3, 1813.

NEW BOOKS.

Just received, and for sale at this office, at the Philadelphia Prices, the following entertaining and instructive Publications: GODS REVENGE AGAINST DRUNKENNESS. THE LIFE OF WASHINGTON, by Chief Justice Marshall. ANQUETIL'S UNIVERSAL HISTORY, exhibiting the rise, decline, and revolutions of all the nations of the world, from the creation to the present day. This work though written by a French gentleman, is pronounced by the British Critics to be the most complete system of Universal History that was ever published. FAMILY BIBLES. DOCTOR HILARY'S SERMONS, prefaced with the sublime and Internal Evidence of the Christian Religion. No sermons were ever better calculated to allure young persons to the love of religion, than these of Dr. Hilary. HAWES'S CHURCH HISTORY. PALMER'S POLITICAL WORKS, containing his famous "Common Sense, Crisis, Rights of Man," &c. &c. BARCLAY'S APOLOGY FOR THE QUAKERS, NO CROSS NO CROWN, by Penn. WEBER'S Life of Washington, 11th edition, with many plates of his life.

HISTORY of the late great REVIVAL of RELIGION among the Baptists in South Carolina. THE BACHELOR'S BEST COMPANION, shewing the superior happiness of the married state. THE TRUE AMERICAN, or the blessing of a Republic among a people that is wise and virtuous. BRITISH CICERO, or a Selection of the most admired Speeches in the English Language. LADY'S RECEPTOR. JOSEPHUS. IMMORTAL MENTOR. SACRED EXTRACTS. BURTON'S LECTURES. MOORE'S MONTH. OUELLE'S GEOGRAPHY. TOM JONES, in four volumes. THE REFUSAL, by Mrs. West. DEATH OF ABEL. HEAVENLY PLEASURES OF THE BIBLE. MURRAY'S SEQUEL. CRIMINAL RECORDER. PARADISE LOST, elegant edition. BURNS'S POEMS. ELEMENTS OF MORALITY. SCHOOL TESTAMENTS. BURR'S TRIAL, for high treason. CHASE'S TRIAL. WILKINSON'S MEMOIRS. AMERICAN ANECDOTES. LESSONS IN ELOCUTION. PORCEUS'S EVIDENCE. READING EXERCISES. ROMAN BOOKS. JONES'S DICTIONARY, with Walker's pronunciation. GOUGH'S ARITHMETIC. FEDERAL CALCULATOR. SANDFORD and MERTON. BALFOUR'S SPELLING BOOK. WEBSTER'S DICTIONARY. UNIVERSAL DICTIONARY. DILWORTH'S DICTIONARY. READY RECKONER. A great variety of CHILDREN'S BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS. LETTER PAPER. BEST CLAMPED QUILLS. RED INK POWDER. BEST RED SEALING WAX, &c. &c. October 7.

NOTICE.

TO Farmers wishing to grind their crops of wheat we will give twenty barrels superfine flour and two dollars in cash for every hundred bushels of merchantable wheat gathered in the Falls Mills, on Shenandoah river, about 4 miles from Charles-Town, and one from Keyes' Ferry, and furnish the casks for the mill if requested, or furnish the casks on as low terms as they can be had from Cooper and driver. The mill will be taken for the casks at the market price or cash as coopers want their money as they deliver the casks. We will deliver the flour at Harper's Ferry, or at the Old River if requested at the customary price and will for the carriage until the flour is sold, if it is not convenient to pay at the time of the delivery. We will deliver flour on sight for wheat or manufacture it immediately. Farmers that will favor us with their grinding may rely on having it speedily done and particular attention paid. We will also buy wheat and give the fair market price in two weeks after the bargain may be made—cash will be paid as fast as the wheat is delivered. JAMES WELDON, JOHN WELDON. Falls Mills, December 2, 1813.

FOR SALE.

THAT much frequented and profitable establishment, known by the name of the GLOBE TAVERN, in Shepherd's-Town. Also, several Brick tenements adjoining the same—and a large two-story dwelling house, at present occupied by Mr. Woltz. In this property a great bargain may be had.

Also, a small farm, within a mile and half of town, containing 100 acres. Of this land 40 acres are cleared and under good fencing—the remainder is covered with as fine timber as in any of the county. On this land there is a good farm-house, and excellent limestone water. A liberal credit may be had (on good security) for any part of the above property. DAN. BEDINGER. December 9, 1813.

FARMER'S REPOSITORY.

CHARLES-TOWN, (Jefferson County, Virginia,) PRINTED BY RICHARD WILLIAMS.

Vol. VI.]

THURSDAY, JANUARY 6, 1814.

[No. 302.]

TERMS OF THIS PAPER.

THE price of the FARMER'S REPOSITORY is Two Dollars a year: one dollar to be paid at the time of subscribing, and one at the expiration of the year. Disputat subscribers will be required to pay the whole in advance. No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid. ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding a square, will be inserted three weeks to non-subscribers for one dollar, and 25 cents for every subsequent publication, and when not particularly directed to the contrary, will be inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.—Subscribers will receive a reduction of one fourth on their advertisements.

AN ACT

Laying an Embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the U. States.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That an embargo be, and hereby is laid on all ships and vessels in the ports and places within the limits or jurisdiction of the United States and the territories thereof, cleared or not cleared; and that no clearance be furnished to any ship or vessel, except vessels in ballast, with their necessary sea stores, under the immediate direction of the President of the U. States; and that the President be authorized to give such instructions to the officers of the revenue, and of the navy, and of the private armed vessels and revenue cutters of the United States, as shall appear best adapted for carrying the same into full effect: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the departure of any foreign ship or vessel, in ballast, with her necessary sea stores, and with the goods, wares and merchandise, other than provisions, military and naval stores on board of such foreign ship or vessel when notified of this act, whose officers and crews shall consist wholly of such foreigners as did belong to nations in amity with the U. States at the time of the arrival of said ship or vessel in the United States, and which shall not have nor take on board for the voyage any citizen of the United States except such as may produce a passport therefor, to be furnished under the authority and direction of the President of the United States. And all public armed vessels possessing public commissions from any foreign power, are not to be considered as liable to the embargo laid by this act.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons shall put, place or load on board any ship, vessel, boat or water craft, or into any cart, wagon, sled, or other carriage or vehicle, or in any other manner attempt to convey any specie, goods, wares, merchandise, produce, provisions, naval or military stores, or any kind of live stock, with intent to export, transport or convey the same without the United States or the territories thereof, to any foreign place, kingdom or country, or with intent to convey the same on board any foreign ship or vessel within or without the limits of the United States, or with the intent in any other manner to evade the provisions of this act, all such specie, goods, wares, merchandise, produce, provisions, naval or military stores, live stock, and also the ship, vessel, boat, water craft, cart, wagon, sled, or other carriage or vehicle, on board, or on or in which the same may be so put, placed or loaded as aforesaid, and all horses, mules and oxen, used or employed in conveying the same, shall be forfeited, and the person or persons so putting, placing or loading the same as aforesaid, and also the aids and abettors therein, shall upon conviction, be adjudged guilty of a high misdemeanor, and fined a sum, by the court before which the conviction is had, equal to four times the value of such specie, goods, wares, merchandise, produce, provisions, naval or military stores, or live stock: Provided however, That this section shall not be construed to extend to any persons or person not being the owners of such specie, goods, wares, merchandise, produce or provisions naval or military stores, who shall first inform and make complaint to the collector of the district of any such offence committed within the same district; and any informer or informers, not being the owner or owners as aforesaid, upon conviction of the offenders, shall be entitled to one half of the fine aforesaid, when the same shall be

received by the United States, and shall be entitled to a certificate that purpose from the court before whom the conviction shall be had.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the owner or owners, consignee or factor of any ship, vessel or boat, which may, at the time when notice of this act shall be received at the several custom houses respectively, be laden in whole or in part, shall, on notice given by the collector, either discharge such cargo or give bond with two or more sufficient sureties, in double the value of such vessel and cargo, not to proceed on the intended voyage or trip until permitted to do so, agreeably to the provisions of this act; and if the cargo shall not be discharged within ten days, or the bond given as aforesaid, the ship, vessel, or boat and cargo shall be wholly forfeited. And the several collectors are authorized in the mean while, and until the cargoes shall have been discharged, or the bond given as aforesaid, to take possession of such vessels, and to take such other measures as may be necessary to prevent their departure.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States may authorize the collectors of the customs (when in his opinion it can be done without danger of the embargo being violated, and under such limitations as he may deem expedient) to grant permission to vessels or boats whose employment has uniformly been confined to the navigation of bays, sounds, rivers or lakes within the jurisdiction of the U. States, or the territories thereof, to take on board at any time such articles of domestic or foreign growth as may be designated in such permission, bond with one or more sufficient sureties being previously given to the United States by the owner, owners, consignee or factors of such vessel or boat, and by the master thereof, in an amount equal to three hundred dollars for each ton of the said vessel or boat, that such vessel or boat shall not during the time limited in the condition of the bond, depart from any district of the U. States without having previously obtained a clearance, nor until the master or commander shall have delivered to the collector or surveyor of the port of departure, a manifest of the whole cargo on board; that the said vessel or boat shall not during the time above mentioned proceed to any other port or place than that mentioned in her clearance, nor put any article on board of any other vessel or boat, or be employed in any foreign trade; and that on every voyage or trip, the whole of the cargo shall be landed in a port or place of the United States, or the territories thereof within the bay, sound, river or lake to which the navigation of such vessel is confined, and the burden of proof of the landing of the whole of any such cargo in a port or place of the United States, or the territories thereof, within the bay, sound, river or lake to which the navigation of such vessels or boat is confined, or in the port or place mentioned in her clearance, shall in case of any suit or prosecution, instituted on such bond for a breach of the conditions thereof, lie upon the owner or owners, consignee, or factors of such vessel or boat, or the master thereof, as the case may be, Provided, Such prosecution or suit be instituted within two years after such breach shall have been committed.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That if any vessel or boat, not having received a permission, and a bond not having been first given in the manner provided for in the next preceding section, shall take on board any article or articles prohibited by this act, such vessel or boat, together with her cargo, shall be wholly forfeited, and the owner or owners, agent, freighter, or factors, master or commander of such vessel or boat, shall moreover severally forfeit and pay a sum equal to the value of the vessel or boat, and of the cargo put on board the same.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That the person or persons, whose names do or may appear as owner or owners of any ship or vessel either on the certificate of registry, enrolment, or license of any such ship or vessel, or if neither registered or licensed, on the last clearance or custom house documents issued before the passing of this act for such ship or vessel, shall be reputed as the true owner or owners of such ship or vessel, and be liable to the payment of all penalties which may be incurred by the owners of

such ship or vessel, by reason of any violation of any of the provisions of this act: Provided always, That nothing in this section contained shall be construed to release any other persons from the payment of any penalty incurred by virtue of this act. And in case of any new register or license being granted during the continuance of this act, or in case of the sale of any ship or vessel neither registered or licensed, a bond with one or more sureties to the United States shall, previously to the granting any such new register or license, or to recognizing the sale of such vessel not registered or licensed be required by the collector, in an amount equal to three hundred dollars of each ton of such ship or vessel, that such ship or vessel shall not, during the continuance of this act, contravene or infringe any of the provisions thereof: Provided, That nothing herein contained, shall be construed to extend to the owner or owners of any ship or vessel who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or vessel in any port or harbor of the U. States, before notice of this act at such port or harbor respectively, nor to the owner or owners of any ship or vessel, in any foreign port or place, who shall have made a bona fide sale thereof before notice of this act: And provided also, That such bond shall not release the owners and master of such ship or vessel, or any other person from the obligation of giving every other bond required by this act.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That the owner or owners of all vessels licensed for fisheries, or those bound on a whaling voyage, and having no other cargo than necessary sea stores, salt, and the usual fishing tackling and apparel, shall give a general bond in four times the value of the vessel and cargo, that they will not, during the continuance of this act, proceed to any foreign port or place, and will return with their fishing fare to some port or place within the United States.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That if any ship or vessel shall, during the continuance of this act, depart from any port of the United States, without a clearance or a permit, or if any ship or vessel shall contrary to the provisions of this act, proceed to a foreign port or place, or trade with or put on board of any other ship or vessel any article or articles prohibited by this act, such ship or vessel, goods, wares, merchandise, produce, provisions, naval or military stores shall be wholly forfeited; and if the same shall not be seized, the owner or owners, agent, freighter or factors of any such ship or vessel shall, for every such offence forfeit and pay a sum equal to double the value of the ship or vessel and cargo, and shall never thereafter be allowed a credit for duties on any goods, wares and merchandise imported by him or them into any of the ports of the United States; and the master or commander of such ship or vessel, as well as all other persons who shall knowingly be concerned in any violation of this act, shall each respectively forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding twenty thousand dollars for every such offence, whether the vessel be seized and condemned or not; and shall be imprisoned for a term not less than six months, nor exceeding one year; and oath or affirmation of any master or commander knowingly offended against the provisions of this section, shall ever thereafter be inadmissible before any collector of the customs of the U. States.

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That if any foreign ship or vessel shall during the continuance of this act take on board any specie, or any goods, wares, merchandise, produce or provisions other than the provisions and sea stores necessary for the voyage, such ship or vessel, and the specie and cargo on board, shall be wholly forfeited and may be seized and condemned in any court of the United States having competent jurisdiction; and every person concerned in such unlawful shipment shall forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding twenty thousand dollars for every such offence.

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That collectors of all districts of the United States and the territories thereof shall, and they are hereby authorized to take into their custody any specie, goods, wares, merchandise, provisions, naval or military stores, or live stock found on board of any ship or vessel, boat or other water craft, when there is reason to be-

lieve that they are intended for exportation, or when in vessels, carts, waggons, sleighs, or any other carriage, or in any manner apparently on their way towards the territories of a foreign nation, or the vicinity thereof, or towards a place whence such articles are intended to be exported, or place in the possession of the enemies of the United States; and not to permit such articles to be removed until bond with sufficient sureties shall have been given for the landing or delivery of the same, in some place of the United States, whence, in the opinion of the collector, there shall not be any danger of such articles being exported or placed in the possession of the enemies of the U. States.

Sec. 11. And be it further enacted, That the powers given to the collectors by this act, to refuse permission to put any cargo on board of any vessel, boat or any water craft, to detain any vessel, or to take into their custody any articles for the purpose of preventing violations of the embargo, shall be exercised in conformity with such instructions as the President may give, and such rules as he may prescribe for that purpose, made in pursuance of the powers aforesaid; which instructions and rules, the collectors shall be bound to obey. And if any action or suit be brought against any collector or other person, acting under the directions of, and in pursuance of this act, he may plead the general issue, and give this act and the instructions and regulations of the President in evidence for his justification and defence. And any person aggrieved by the acts of any collector, in either of the cases aforesaid, may file his petition before the district court of the district wherein the collector resides, stating the facts of his case, and thereupon, after due notice given to the district attorney and the collector, the said court may summarily hear and adjudge thereupon as law and justice may require; and the judgement of said court, and the reason and facts whereon it is grounded shall be filed among the records of said court, and if restoration of the property detained or taken in custody, or permission to load as aforesaid shall be decreed, it shall be upon the party's giving such bond with sureties as is or shall be required to be taken in similar cases by the collector, and not otherwise; but if the said court shall adjudge against such petition, the collector shall be entitled to treble costs, which shall be taken for him, and execution awarded accordingly by the court.

Sec. 12. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the president of the United States, or such other person as he shall have empowered for that purpose, to employ such part of the land or naval forces or militia of the U. States, or of the territories thereof, as may be judged necessary in conformity with the provisions of this act, for the purpose of preventing the illegal departure of any ship or vessel, or of detaining, taking possession of, and keeping in custody, any ship or vessel, or of taking into custody and guarding any specie, goods, wares merchandise, produce, provisions, naval or military stores, or live stock, and also for the purpose of preventing and suppressing any armed or riotous assemblage of persons, resisting the custom house officers in the exercise of their duties or in any manner opposing the execution of this act, or otherwise violating or assisting and abetting violations of the same.

Sec. 13. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the public and private armed vessels of the United States to capture and seize on the high seas or elsewhere any ship or vessel which shall have violated any of the provisions of this act, and to send the same into any part of the United States for adjudication.

Sec. 14. And be it further enacted, That all penalties and forfeitures incurred by force of this act, may be prosecuted, sued for, and recovered by action of debt or by indictment or information, as the case may require, and if recovered in consequence of any seizure made by the commander of any public armed vessel of the United States, shall be distributed according to the rules prescribed by the act, entitled "an act for the government of the navy of the United States;" and if in consequence of any seizure made by any private armed vessel of the United

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